

Via Portal Submission

September 9, 2024 MGEX DCM Submission No. 24-22

Mr. Christopher Kirkpatrick
Secretary of the Commission
Commodity Futures Trading Commission
Three Lafayette Centre
1155 21<sup>st</sup> Street NW
Washington, DC 20581

# RE: Rule Certification Submission Pursuant to Regulation 40.6(a); Amendments to MGEX Rules

Dear Mr. Kirkpatrick:

Pursuant to Commodity Exchange Act ("CEAct") Section 5c and Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC" or "Commission") Regulation 40.6(a), the Minneapolis Grain Exchange, LLC ("MGEX" or "Exchange") hereby certifies that the amendments to MGEX Rules 813.00. and 814.00. as set forth in Exhibit A comply with the CEAct and the Commission regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Proposed Amendments"). MGEX further certifies that the submission and pending changes to the MGEX Rules have been posted on the Exchange website at the following link: <a href="https://www.miaxglobal.com/markets/usfutures/mgex/rule-filings">https://www.miaxglobal.com/markets/usfutures/mgex/rule-filings</a>.

### **Overview of Rule Amendments**

The Proposed Amendments update certain MGEX Rules related to loadout procedures for delivery against Hard Red Spring Wheat Futures Contracts to align with current industry practice.

## **DCM Core Principles**

MGEX has reviewed the Core Principles for designated contract markets ("DCM Core Principles") and identified that the Proposed Amendments may impact the following DCM Core Principles:

- DCM Core Principle 2 Compliance with Rules: The Proposed Amendments do not impact the Exchange's compliance with this Core Principle. The Exchange will continue to monitor and enforce compliance with its Rules.
- DCM Core Principle 7 Availability of General Information: The Proposed Amendments have been disseminated on the MGEX website, and will be available in the MGEX Rulebook, which is accessible online.

Pursuant to MGEX Bylaw 3.1., the Proposed Amendments were approved on September 3, 2024. There were no substantive opposing views expressed with respect to this filing. The Proposed Amendments are to be effective when incorporated into the MGEX Rulebook and posted on its website, which will be at least 10 business days following the date of this submission.

If there are any questions regarding this submission, please contact me at (612) 321-7141 or <a href="mailto:cstuhlmann@miaxglobal.com">cstuhlmann@miaxglobal.com</a>. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

Carmen M. Stuhlmann Associate Counsel

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Enclosure

#### **EXHIBIT A**

The following MGEX Bylaws are to be amended. Additions are <u>underlined</u> while deletions are <u>strikethrough</u>.

### 813.00. LOAD-OUT PROCEDURES.

A. All warehouses shall load-out all agricultural products consecutively without giving preference. Load-out of all such products shall be in the order in which suitable transportation, clean and ready to load, is constructively placed at the elevator. No preference shall be given to the type of delivery conveyance which has been constructively placed. However, the warehouse may load-out company conveyances in an alternative order if such conveyances were constructively placed in consecutive order.

A warehouse cannot declare a conveyance as unfit for loading. Such declaration can only be made by the railroad or another official inspection agency. Furthermore, a warehouse cannot reject a conveyance if only a portion of the conveyance is unfit and can be cleaned without causing delay to the warehouse. The cost of cleaning shall be borne by the taker.

In the case of barges or vessels, if the bushel capacity of the warehouse company's barges or vessels constructively placed ahead of taker's barges or vessels exceeds the warehouse's owned stocks; the warehouse must begin loading taker's barges once the warehouse's owned stocks are depleted. For purposes of calculating depletion, the warehouse may not improve its owned stock position with unloads subsequent to the taker's constructive placement date. Depletion calculations must be made separately by grain type and load-out rates specified in section B of this **Rule 813.00**.

Constructive placement is defined as follows:

- Rail cars: whether public or private, must be under railroad control and able to be called to the warehouse. However, the warehouse must be notified that the cars are ready to be delivered.
- Barges: must be properly cleaned, ready to load and positioned at an appropriate fleeting service servicing the designated delivery point or at the elevator. Constructive placement shall be deemed to have occurred when the barge line notifies the warehouse for position.
- Vessels: must be in possession of the appropriate Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration and/or National Cargo Bureau, Inc. documents or signed berth application certifying readiness to accept load-out at the designated delivery point.
- 4. Any other conveyance has to be with mutual consent of makers and takers.

# B. Load-Out Rates

In the event a Regular elevator receives written loading orders for load-out of grain against canceled warehouse receipts, the elevator shall be required to load-out all grain at the normal rate of load-out for the facility on the day after a conveyance of the type identified in the loading orders (rail cars, barges or vessels) is constructively placed. This rate of load-out shall depend on the conveyance being loaded and shall not be less than the following minimum rates per day (weekends and elevator holidays excluded):

Rail Conveyance or Water Conveyance

Vessel or Barge

Wheat: 25 Hopper Cars 200,000 bu 2 Barges

Loading minimums and private business. Once an elevator loads the minimum barges or rail amount against delivery receipts it must continue to load-out against the receipts until the end of the normal business day. At the end of the normal business day the elevator can proceed to load-out company business, but only after offering the taker the option to continue loading the taker's warehouse receipts at overtime rates. Upon request, the elevator shall provide satisfactory evidence that the conveyances have been constructively placed.

If loading orders have been received, the elevator must load-out any earlier constructively placed conveyance at the minimum load-out rates.

A Regular elevator shall not be required to meet these minimum load-out rates when any of the following conditions occur:

- 1. a condition of Force Majeure exists;
- 2. inspection services are not available;
- inclement weather prevents loading;
- 4. stevedoring services are not available in the case of vessel loading:
- 5. a vessel can not take at the above rate; or
- 6. loading tween deckers.

For purposes of this Rule, vessel and barge are "like" conveyances.

# C. Inspection Plans

Load-outs of all vessels shall be inspected for product uniformity by comparing the accumulated differences between inspection results and the grade limit or contracted limit, otherwise commonly known as the cusum plan. Grain inspection under this plan shall be conducted by qualified inspectors pursuant to USDA procedures.

### MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN EXCHANGE, LLC

The warehouse and taker must agree in writing to other inspection plans or grain uniformity minimums prior to constructive placement of a delivery conveyance.

### D. Notification to Elevator

The warehouse shall load-out grains in the order and manner provided in paragraphs A and B of this Rule, except that its obligation to load-out grain to a given party shall commence only after receiving canceled warehouse receipts and written loading orders from such party, even if such party may have a conveyance positioned to accept load-out of grain before that time. If the party taking delivery presents transportation equipment of a different type (rail, barge or vessel) than that specified in the loading orders, the party is required to provide the warehouse with new loading orders. Written loading orders received after two o'clock (2:00) p.m. (Central time) on a given business day shall be deemed to be received on the following business day.

# E. Storage

Storage payments on grain to be shipped pursuant to loading orders shall not extend beyond the fifth (5th) calendar day after suitable transportation is constructively placed for load-out, except as otherwise provided (see Rule 804.01.C.).

## F. Records

All warehouses shall keep adequate permanent records showing compliance with the requirements of this Rule. Such records shall at all times be open for inspection by the designated official or officials of the contract market.

See Interpretation.

#### 814.00. ORDERING CARS.

Upon receipt of load orders from the receipt holder, the warehouse shall immediately place an order, upon the request of the taker, with the railroad for all of such cars as the notice specifies, or accept buyer's cars as available, and furnish the holder with railroad order numbers or other written communication from the respective railroad company giving satisfactory evidence that the cars have been ordered, including documenting the order placement and place in the lineup. The warehouse must order cars for the taker before ordering cars for themselves.

In the event that cars are canceled, by written request of the receipt holder, demurrage and car cancellation penalties are for the account of the receipt holder.